

May 4, 2018

Recorders

53rd Legislature - 2nd Regular Session, 2018

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Recorders

BILL NUMBER/ SHORT TITLE	SUMMARY	SPONSORS	POSTED HEARINGS & CALENDARS	LAST ACTION
H2051: PRESIDENTIAL PREFERENCE ELECTION; INDEPENDENT VOTERS	Voters registered without a political party designation may vote in the presidential preference election and may select the ballot of any political party at that election.	First sponsor: Rep. Clark		1/9 referred to House gov.
H2052: AUTOMATIC VOTER REGISTRATION; LICENSES; IDS	Beginning January 1, 2019, every person who is applying for a driver license or renewal, including a nonoperating identification license or renewal, and who is otherwise qualified to register to vote must be registered to vote automatically on completion of the license application unless the applicant clearly expresses a decision not to register.	First sponsor: Rep. Clark		1/9 referred to House gov.
H2078 (Chapter 77): ELECTRONIC FILING SYSTEM; POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS	For municipal elections only, a candidate for election or retention is required to register as a candidate committee if the candidate receives contributions or makes expenditures, in any combination, of at least \$500 in connection with that candidacy, instead of at least \$1,000. The Secretary of State is no longer authorized to charge filing officers a fee to opt in to the Secretary of State's electronic filing system. AS SIGNED BY GOVERNOR.	First sponsor: Rep. Finchem		3/27 signed by governor. Chap. 77, Laws 2018.
H2104: CLEAN ELECTIONS; COUNTY CANDIDATES	Applies clean elections laws to candidates for county board of supervisors, county assessor, county attorney, county recorder, county school superintendent, county sheriff and county treasurer. Establishes primary election spending limits for candidates for county offices based on county population. Due to voter protection, this bill requires a 3/4 vote of each house of the Legislature for enactment.	First sponsor: Rep. Powers Hannley		1/11 referred to House gov.
H2122: SECRETARY OF STATE; APPROPRIATION; ELECTIONS	Makes a supplemental appropriation of an unspecified amount (blank in original) from the general fund in FY2017-18 to the Secretary of State for the purpose of reimbursing expenses incurred by a county for the administration of the special primary and special general elections to fill the vacancy in the U.S. House of Representatives for Arizona's Congressional District 8. The Secretary of State is required to reimburse the county the estimated cost for the two elections or, for each of the two elections, \$2.50 for each active registered voter in that county on January 1, 2018. whichever is less. Establishes a process for	First sponsor: Rep. Livingston		2/8 see S1058.

	reimbursement with unspecified deadlines (blank in original).			
H2146: VOTING RIGHTS; RESTORATION; FELONIES	For a person who has been convicted of two or more felonies, the person's right to vote is automatically restored on completion of probation or absolute discharge from imprisonment.	First sponsor: Rep. Cardenas		1/17 referred to House jud-pub safety.
H2153 (Chapter 134): CAMPAIGN FINANCE; NONPROFITS; DISCLOSURE	A campaign filing officer, enforcement officer or other local government officer is prohibited from requiring an entity that claims tax exempt status under section 501(a) of the federal Internal Revenue Code and is in good status with the Internal Revenue Service to register or file as a political action committee, disclose personally identifying information of individuals who have contributed to the entity, disclose a specified form that provides information on contributions to the entity, or submit to an audit or subpoena regarding a potential campaign finance violation. For the purpose of campaign finance statutes, a tax exempt entity is no longer required to be in good standing with the Corporation Commission in order to be considered not organized for the primary purpose of influencing an election. AS SIGNED BY GOVERNOR.	First sponsor: Rep. Leach		4/5 signed by governor. Chap. 134, Laws 2018.
H2171: SCHOOLS; BONDS; OVERRIDES; FUNDING SOURCES	The information that must be contained in the report on proposed school district budget increases or school bonds (which is mailed to the households in which qualified electors reside within the school district) is expanded to include a statement with the total dollar amount per pupil in revenues that the district received from all funding sources (federal, state and local) for all capital and noncapital expenditures for the most recent available fiscal year.	First sponsor: Rep. Grantham		1/16 referred to House educ.
H2173 (Chapter 154): JURISDICTIONAL ELECTIONS; NOTICE OF PARTICIPATION	Elections held by school districts and municipalities that are not held concurrently with the general election are required to be called no later than 120 days before the date of holding the election. AS SIGNED BY GOVERNOR.	First sponsor: Rep. Coleman		4/10 signed by governor. Chap. 154, Laws 2018.
H2206: EARLY VOTING; VOTING CENTERS	Establishes an article of statute governing voting centers, defined as a physical location that allows any voter in the county to receive the appropriate ballot and lawfully cast it. Voting centers may be established in coordination and consultation with the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections at other county offices or at other locations in the county. A voting center may be used as an early voting location and as a ballot replacement location, and regulations for voting centers that are used as such are specified. When a voting center is used, the county board of supervisors is required to appoint a voting center election board. Board workers may be hired to work shifts as long as there are always sufficient workers present to assist voters. Qualifications for board workers are specified. Also repeals statute regulating voting machines that use a lever.	First sponsor: Rep. Coleman		2/19 from House gov with amend <u>#4339</u> .

<p>H2229: CAMPAIGN FINANCE; CONTRIBUTION LIMITS</p>	<p>Various changes to campaign contribution limits. Decreases campaign contribution limits to \$390 to a candidate committee for municipal, county or district office, to \$488 to a candidate committee for legislative office, and to \$1,010 to a candidate committee for statewide office, all from \$6,250, from an individual or political action committee without mega PAC status. Campaign contribution limits apply as an aggregate total for the combined primary and general election, instead of per "election cycle" (defined). Individuals are prohibited from contributing more than an aggregate total of \$5,610 in a calendar year to state and local candidate committees and political action committees that contribute to candidate committees. Partnerships are prohibited from contributing monies in the name of the partnership. Candidate committees are prohibited from accepting contributions from all political action committees other than a political party as an aggregate total for the combined primary and general election of more than \$10,020 to a candidate committee for municipal, county or district office, \$16,150 to a candidate committee for legislative office, and \$100,110 to a candidate for statewide office. A candidate committee for a candidate that is a political party nominee is prohibited from accepting contributions as an aggregate total for the combined primary and general election from a political party of more than \$10,020 to a candidate committee for an office other than a statewide office, and \$100,110 to a candidate committee for a statewide office.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Powers Hannley</p>		<p>1/17 referred to House gov.</p>
<p>H2265: PUBLIC RECORDS; NONGOVERNMENTAL DEVICES; EXCEPTIONS</p>	<p>For the purpose of public records statutes, public record does not include any communication, data or other form of content that is created, stored or received on any electronic device or digital network, including a social media or e-mail account or network, that a public body has not established as a system for conducting governmental activity or that is not supported by monies from the state or political subdivisions for the purpose of conducting governmental activity.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Thorpe</p>		<p>1/24 referred to House gov.</p>
<p>H2276: MISREPRESENTATION; SERVICE ANIMALS</p>	<p>A person is prohibited from fraudulently misrepresenting an animal as a service animal or service animal in training to a person or entity that operates a public place. A court or duly appointed hearing officer may impose a minimum civil penalty of \$50 on a person in violation.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Thorpe</p>		<p>1/18 referred to House fed-policy.</p>
<p>H2380: BALLOT ORDER; LOCAL, FEDERAL OFFICES</p>	<p>The order of offices on the ballot is changed to the following: the first section must contain school district offices, then nonpartisan municipal offices, then all other nonpartisan offices, followed by the second section with county and precinct offices, state offices, Representatives in Congress, U.S. Senator, and then Presidential electors. The nonpartisan judicial ballot remains in the last section of the ballot. Previously, the offices in section one and two were reversed, and began with Presidential electors and ended with the nonpartisan offices.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Clodfelter</p>		<p>2/1 from House gov do pass.</p>

<p>H2395: SERVICE ANIMALS; ID CARDS</p>	<p>The Department of Transportation is required to issue service animal identification cards that contain a list of specified information about the service animal on receipt of an application from the handler of the service animal. Application requirements are specified. The Dept is required to adopt rules for the issuance of service animal identification cards, including a fee for issuance. A service animal identification card is not required for a service animal to enter a public place, and the absence of a service animal identification card does not create a presumption that the animal is not a service animal.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Thorpe</p>		<p>2/20 House COW approved. FAILED to pass House <u>12-47</u>.</p>
<p>H2397: VOTER DATA; VALIDATION</p>	<p>On receipt of a completed voter registration form that contains a registrant's driver license or nonoperating identification license number, the Secretary of State or a county recorder, is required to provide to the Department of Transportation a summary of the registrant's relevant information for the purposes of validating the registrant's residence address. The Dept is required to determine that a person's residence address on the Dept's records is the same as the person's residence address on the summary. If the Dept determines that the addresses are not the same, the Dept is required to notify the person in writing. The person is required to either update the person's address with the Dept within 10 days or register to vote using the same address in the Dept's records, or be subject to specified civil penalties.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Thorpe</p>		<p>2/13 House fed-policy FAILED 4-5.</p>
<p>H2417: CAMPAIGN FINANCE; REPEAL; REENACTMENT</p>	<p>Statutes regulating campaign contributions and expenses, including campaign committees, reporting requirements, financial disclosure statements, and enforcement, are repealed and replaced. Impossible to determine new provisions without a line by line comparison.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Clark</p>		<p>1/22 referred to House gov.</p>
<p>H2418: CAMPAIGN FINANCE; COVERED TRANSFERS; DISCLOSURES</p>	<p>Entities are required to register as a political action committee before making a campaign contribution or expenditure, instead of if the entity is organized for the primary purpose of influencing the result of an election and if the entity knowingly receives contributions or makes expenditures of at least \$1,000 in connection with any election during a calendar year. The information that must be included in a campaign finance report is expanded to include "covered transfers" (defined as a donation, transfer or payment of monies by a person to another person if the person receiving the monies makes an independent expenditure or transfers monies to another person who makes an independent expenditure, with some exceptions).</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Clark</p>		<p>1/22 referred to House gov.</p>
<p>H2426: VOTING RIGHTS; RESTORATION; FELONIES</p>	<p>For a person who has been convicted of two or more felonies, the person's right to vote is automatically restored on completion of probation or absolute discharge from imprisonment.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Espinoza</p>		<p>1/23 referred to House jud-pub safety.</p>
<p>H2470: VOTING RIGHTS; RESTORATION; FELONIES</p>	<p>For a person who has been convicted of two or more felonies, the person's right to vote is automatically restored on completion of probation or absolute discharge from imprisonment.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Navarrete</p>		<p>1/24 referred to House jud-pub safety.</p>

<p>H2471: ELECTRONIC WILLS AND TRUSTS</p>	<p>Requirements for "electronic wills" (defined) would have been established, including "electronic signature" (defined) requirements for the testator and two witnesses. Requirements for "qualified custodians" (defined) of electronic wills would have been established, including prohibiting a qualified custodian from being related to the testator by blood, marriage or adoption, from being a devisee under the electronic will or related by blood, marriage or adoption to a devisee under the electronic will. A person would have been required to execute a written statement agreeing to serve as qualified custodian of an electronic will, and, once executed, the person would have been permitted to cease serving as a qualified custodian only under specified circumstances. Requirements for storage of and access to an electronic will and requirements for certified paper originals of an electronic will would have been established. Would have become effective July 1, 2019. AS VETOED BY GOVERNOR. In his veto message, the Governor asked the Legislature to send him a budget that gives teachers a 20 percent raise by 2020 and restores additional assistance.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Leach</p>		<p>4/20 VETOED message.</p>
<p>H2491: COUNTY RECORDER; NONPARTISAN ELECTION</p>	<p>The election for the office of county recorder must be conducted in a nonpartisan manner. The names of all candidates for the office of county recorder must appear on the ballot and all other campaign and election materials without party designation.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Clark</p>		<p>1/30 referred to House local-intl.</p>
<p>H2538: U.S. HOUSE VACANCY; SPECIAL ELECTION</p>	<p>A special primary election to fill a vacancy in the office of Representative in Congress is required to be held 120 to 133 days after the occurrence of the vacancy, instead of 80 to 90 days after, and the special general election is required to be held 70 to 80 days after the special primary election, instead of 50 to 60 days after. If a vacancy in the office of U.S. Senator occurs more than 150 days before the next regular primary election date, the person who is appointed by the Governor to fill the vacancy is required to continue to serve until the vacancy is filled at the next general election. If a vacancy in the office of U.S. Senator occurs 150 days or less before the next regular primary election date, the person who is appointed by the Governor to fill the vacancy is required to continue to serve until the vacancy is filled at the second regular general election held immediately after the vacancy occurs, and the person elected will fill the remaining unexpired term of the vacated office. Also, the clerk of the county board of supervisors of each county that is required to participate in the special election is required to post a notice with the special primary election dates on a county-operated website, in addition to being required to publish a copy of the election proclamation in an official county newspaper. AS PASSED SENATE.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Coleman</p>		<p>4/30 House concurred in Senate amendments and passed on final reading 42-15; ready for governor.</p>

<p>H2572: INITIATIVE, REFERENDUM SIGNATURES; ELECTRONIC SUBMITTAL</p>	<p>The Secretary of State is required to provide a system for qualified electors to sign initiative and referendum petitions by way of a secure internet portal. The system is required to verify the qualified elector's identity and allow only qualified electors who are eligible to sign the initiative or referendum petition to do so. The person or organization that files the application for initiative or referendum petition may choose to collect up to one-half of the number of signatures required by use of the online signature collection system.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Friese</p>		<p>2/6 referred to House gov.</p>
<p>H2604 (Chapter 247): CONSOLIDATED ELECTIONS; VOTER TURNOUT</p>	<p>"Political subdivisions" (defined to include municipalities, counties and school districts but to exclude special taxing districts) are required to hold elections on a "statewide election date" (defined) if its previous elections on a non-statewide election date resulted in a "significant decrease in voter turnout" (defined as the "voter turnout" (defined) for the office that received the highest number of votes in the most recent candidate election is at least 25 percent less than voter turnout in that same political subdivision for the most recent election in which the office of the Governor appeared on the ballot) in that political subdivision. Beginning with elections in 2018, for each political subdivision's elections other than special elections or recall elections, if a significant decrease in voter turnout occurs, the political subdivision is required to hold its subsequent elections on the statewide election dates beginning three calendar years after the occurrence of the significant decrease in voter turnout. In order to comply with the consolidation of election dates as required by this legislation or by voluntary action by the political subdivision, the terms of office for elected officials must be lengthened at the time of consolidation to align with the consolidated election dates. For any political subdivision whose alternative expenditure limitation is scheduled to expire at any time after the year in which the political subdivision is required to comply or voluntarily complies with the election consolidation requirements of this legislation, the existing voter-approved alternative expenditure limitation continues as established before its expiration and the statutory penalties do not apply if the political subdivision seeks voter approval of an alternative expenditure limitation at the next eligible regular election following consolidation. County boards of supervisors must require the officer in charge of elections to calculate voter turnout for candidate races, and are required to determine whether this legislation requires a political subdivision to consolidate its elections dates and announce the determination and implementation date at a public meeting. Severability clause. AS SIGNED BY GOVERNOR.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Mesnard</p>		<p>4/17 signed by governor. Chap. 247, Laws 2018.</p>
<p>H2610: VOTING RIGHTS; RESTORATION; FELONIES</p>	<p>For a person who has been convicted of two or more felonies, the person's right to vote is automatically restored on completion of probation or absolute discharge from imprisonment.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Rep. Gonzales</p>		<p>2/6 referred to House jud-pub safety.</p>

<p>S1021: HEALTH CARE PROVIDER LIENS; EFFECT</p>	<p>Any health care provider lien that is not recorded within statutory deadlines is effective against any final settlement or final judgment for damages if the lien is recorded 30 days before the final settlement is agreed to or the final judgment is paid. Previously, a hospital or ambulance service lien that was not recorded within statutory deadlines was effective against any settlement or judgment for damages if the line was recorded 30 days before the settlement was agreed to or the judgment was paid.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. D. Farnsworth</p>		<p>1/8 referred to Senate fin, health-hu ser.</p>
<p>S1037: ELECTIONS AND ETHICS; COMMISSION; DUTIES</p>	<p>Establishes the Arizona Election and Ethics Commission consisting of six members who are appointed by the Governor and other specified elected officials and who meet specified requirements. Beginning in 2019, the Commission succeeds to the duties of the Secretary of State with respect to acting as the investigatory, compliance and enforcement officer for political committees supporting or opposing candidates for state offices and members of the Legislature and statewide initiative or referendum measures appearing on a state general election ballot. Powers and duties of the Commission are established, including receiving any ethics complaint filed against candidates or elected officials of state government. The Commission terminates on July 1, 2028.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Quezada</p>		<p>1/8 referred to Senate gov, jud.</p>
<p>S1040: SERVICE ANIMALS; MISREPRESENTATION</p>	<p>A person is prohibited from fraudulently misrepresenting an animal as a service animal or service animal in training to a person or entity that operates a public place. A court or duly appointed hearing officer may impose on a person in violation a civil penalty of \$250.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Kavanagh</p>		<p>1/18 from Senate gov do pass.</p>
<p>S1043 (Chapter 143): COUNTY RECORDER; RECORDING FEES</p>	<p>The fees received by the county recorder are modified as follows: \$30 for recording papers required or authorized by law, instead of \$5 for the first 5 pages plus \$1 for each additional page, and \$15 for recording papers to which a government entity is the requesting party, instead of \$3 for the first 5 pages plus 50 cents for each additional page. Separate fee amounts for recording deeds affecting interest in real property and deeds of trust or mortgage are eliminated. Additional fees such as the special recording surcharge, the fee for real estate transfers, and the fee for an affidavit of annual work, are included in the total fee instead of being charged separately. Effective July 1, 2019. AS SIGNED BY GOVERNOR.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Kavanagh</p>		<p>4/5 signed by governor. Chap. 143, Laws 2018.</p>
<p>S1058 (Chapter 2): SECRETARY OF STATE; APPROPRIATION; ELECTIONS</p>	<p>Makes a supplemental appropriation of \$2.5 million from the general fund in FY2017-18 to the Secretary of State for the purpose of reimbursing expenses incurred by a county for the administration of the special primary and special general elections to fill the vacancy in the U.S. House of Representatives for Arizona's Congressional District 8. The Secretary of State is required to reimburse the county for the additional cost of printing ballots and other election materials, compensation paid to election board and tally board officers serving during the special elections. as well as other costs of administering</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Burges</p>		<p>2/13 signed by governor; Chap. 2, Laws 2018.</p>

	<p>the special elections. The clerk of the board of supervisors is required to submit verified claims for reimbursement to the Secretary of State by June 30, 2018. By October 1, 2018, the Secretary of State is required to submit a report to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee and the Governor's Office of Strategic Planning and Budgeting on the reimbursements. AS SIGNED BY GOVERNOR.</p>			
<p>S1122: BALLOT PETITIONS; PAID CIRCULATORS; SIGNATURE</p>	<p>Each petition sheet must have the following statement in the upper right-hand corner: "I, (name of paid circulator), am being paid to circulate petitions to collect signatures." A paid circulator is required to sign the appropriate line on the form before circulating the petition for signatures. Previously, each petition sheet was required to have a place to check whether the circulator was a paid circulator of a volunteer.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Quezada</p>		<p>1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>
<p>S1123: VOTER REGISTRATION DEADLINES; REGISTRATION METHOD</p>	<p>The deadline to register to vote in order to be eligible to vote in an election is modified so that the voter registration may be dated 29 days or more before the election and received by first class mail within 5 days after the last day to register to vote, completed in person at a county recorder's office before midnight on the 14th day before the election, electronically generated and transmitted to the Department of Transportation before midnight on the 14th day before the election, or submitted by other means and dated 29 days or more before the election, if the registration is received by the county recorder by 7:00 PM on the day of the election. Previously, the registration had to be received by the county recorder by midnight of the 29th day before the election.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Quezada</p>		<p>1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>
<p>S1124: STATEWIDE VOTER REGISTRATION PORTABILITY</p>	<p>If a voter has moved from the address at which the voter is registered to a different county and has failed to reregister at the new address before the date of an election, the voter must be permitted to correct the statewide voter registration records for the purpose of voting in future elections and must be permitted to vote a provisional ballot.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Quezada</p>		<p>1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>
<p>S1125: VOTER REGISTRATION; SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER</p>	<p>The list of items that constitute satisfactory evidence of U.S. citizenship for voter registration is expanded to include verification of the last four digits of the applicant's social security number. Due to voter protection, this bill requires the affirmative vote of at least 3/4 of each house of the Legislature for passage.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Quezada</p>		<p>1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>
<p>S1126: PRESIDENTIAL PREFERENCE ELECTION; INDEPENDENT VOTERS</p>	<p>Voters registered without a political party designation may vote in the presidential preference election and may select the ballot of any political party at that election.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Quezada</p>		<p>1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>
<p>S1127: VOTER ID; STUDENTS</p>	<p>The list of valid forms of photo identification that a voter may present to an election official in order to receive a ballot is expanded to include a valid identification card issued by an accredited postsecondary educational institution in Arizona. Due to voter protection, this legislation requires the affirmative vote of at least 3/4 of the members</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Quezada</p>		<p>1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>

	of each house of the Legislature for passage.			
S1128: VOTER ID; VETERANS	The list of valid forms of photo identification that a voter may present to an election official in order to receive a ballot is expanded to include a valid veterans administration health identification card issued by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs. Due to voter protection, this legislation requires the affirmative vote of at least 3/4 of the members of each house of the Legislature for passage.	First sponsor: Sen. Quezada		1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.
S1129: VOTING CENTERS; ON-CAMPUS VOTING	In consultation with the Arizona Board of Regents and community college district boards, the board of supervisors of each county is required to designate certain on-campus locations as voting centers for each university and community college campus during the early voting period and on election day. The campus voting centers must allow any voter in the county to receive and lawfully cast the appropriate ballot.	First sponsor: Sen. Quezada		1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.
S1130: EARLY BALLOTS; ELECTION DAY POSTMARK	An early ballot and affidavit that is postmarked by U.S. mail by the election day is valid and must be counted.	First sponsor: Sen. Quezada		1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.
S1131: PROVISIONAL BALLOTS; RESIDENCE; PARTIAL TABULATION	If a precinct election board verifies that a voter's residence address is not within the precinct, the voter must be directed to the correct precinct. If the voter refuses to go to the correct precinct, the election board is required to provide a provisional ballot to that elector with a warning that a portion of the ballot will not be counted if the voter votes in the wrong precinct. The Secretary of State is required to design a provisional ballot envelope template that includes signature lines for the voter and the election board official to affirm that the recorded precinct and the warning were communicated. If the voter cast a provisional ballot in the correct county but the incorrect precinct, the votes on the ballot that the voter would have been eligible to cast must be counted.	First sponsor: Sen. Quezada		1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.
S1132: PROVISIONAL BALLOTS; VERIFICATION; TALLY	For any prospective voter who appears at an incorrect polling place, the board worker at that polling place is required to complete a form in duplicate that contains the name of the precinct where the voter appeared and the name and location of the voter's correct precinct and polling place, keep a copy of the form and provide a copy to the voter. The voter must present the form at the polling place where s/he was directed to appear and vote a provisional ballot. On completion of the verification process for that voter's provisional ballot, if the voter was directed to the incorrect precinct, the ballot is counted only for those candidates that are not precinct specific.	First sponsor: Sen. Quezada		1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.
S1133: PROVISIONAL BALLOTS; INCORRECT PRECINCT; TALLY	For a voter who casts a provisional ballot in an incorrect precinct, the county recorder is required to count that person's votes for candidates and ballot measures for which the person was entitled to vote but cannot count the votes for which that person was not entitled to vote, as determined by that person's residence. The officer in charge of elections is required to prepare a true duplicate ballot containing only those votes cast by that	First sponsor: Sen. Quezada		1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.

	person in those races in which that person was entitled to vote, which must be made in the presence of witnesses and substituted for the original ballot.			
S1134: EARLY BALLOTS; VERIFICATION; CURE	The county recorder or officer in charge of elections is required to provide for a method of notifying an early ballot voter if there is a defect in the voter's ballot materials that will result in the rejection of the voter's ballot and allow the voter to attempt to cure the defect within the 10 days immediately following election day. The county recorder or officer in charge of elections is required to tabulate the ballot as otherwise provided by law and to further notify the voter whether the ballot was verified and counted.	First sponsor: Sen. Quezada		1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.
S1135: EARLY BALLOTS; PRECINCT BALLOT BOX	Any qualified elector who is listed as having applied for an early ballot and who appears at the polling place with the early ballot must be allowed to vote that early ballot at the polling place as a regular ballot, and a provisional ballot is not required.	First sponsor: Sen. Quezada		1/11 referred to Senate jud, gov.
S1202: COUNTYWIDE ELECTIONS; VOTE BY MAIL	On approval of the county board of supervisors, a county is authorized to conduct a mail ballot election for all elections administered by that county, including elections for federal and state offices and measures, and elections for county, municipal, school district and special districts. Counties that conduct mail ballot elections are required to report specified information about the election to the Legislature by January 1 of each year following a mail ballot election.	First sponsor: Sen. Worsley		1/17 referred to Senate jud.
S1214: COUNTY OFFICIALS; SALARIES	Beginning January 1, 2021, the annual salaries of county officers are increased by 15.6 percent. Effective January 1, 2019, the annual salary of the clerk of the superior court is increased 22 percent.	First sponsor: Sen. Kavanagh		1/18 referred to Senate gov.
S1242: SALARY HISTORY INFO; EMPLOYERS	Employers are prohibited from relying on the salary history information of an applicant for employment as a factor in determining whether to offer employment to an applicant or what salary to offer an applicant, and from seeking salary history information about an applicant for employment. On reasonable request, an employer is required to provide the pay scale for a position to an applicant for employment. Applies to all employers, including state and local government employers and the Legislature.	First sponsor: Sen. Quezada		1/18 referred to Senate com-pub safety.
S1249 (Chapter 56): CAMPAIGN FINANCE VIOLATIONS; APPEALS	The imposition of a penalty for campaign finance violations may be appealed to the superior court, instead of to the Office of Administrative Hearings as an appealable agency action. At the hearing on an appeal, the superior court is required to conduct a trial de novo (a new trial) and the enforcement officer has the burden of proving any alleged violation by a preponderance of the evidence. Effective January 1, 2019. AS SIGNED BY GOVERNOR.	First sponsor: Sen. Burges		3/23 signed by governor. Chap. 56, Laws 2018.

<p>S1280: RESIDENTIAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE; FUNDING SOURCES</p>	<p>For any seller of real property with a last known address outside Arizona and any seller of real property that is a foreign corporation that does not qualify by law to transact business in Arizona, the deed evidencing the transfer of title is required to have a separate affidavit stating the seller's address and federal tax identification number, as well as other specified information. These individuals and corporations are required to file an income tax return with the Department of Revenue if the only income subject to tax by Arizona for the taxable year is derived from the sale of real property in Arizona. The Dept is required to separately account for monies paid with these returns, and deposit 70 percent of the monies in the Housing Trust Fund and 30 percent in the Arizona Finance Authority Operations Fund. Effective January 1, 2019.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Farley</p>		<p>1/23 referred to Senate appro, fin.</p>
<p>S1296: GOVERNMENT COMMUNICATIONS; EMERGENCY RESPONSE INTERPRETERS</p>	<p>The state, counties and municipalities are each required to take reasonable steps to ensure that its communications with persons with disabilities, including online communications and emergency communications, are equally as effective as its communications with persons without disabilities. The state, counties and municipalities are each required to provide auxiliary aids and services when needed to communicate effectively with persons with communication disabilities. The state, counties and municipalities are each required to establish a protocol to take reasonable steps to secure a licensed interpreter to interpret emergency communications that are presented live to the media for broadcast or delivered through a live online communication, including an official government statement or press conference relating to an emergency situation. Does not prevent the state, a county or a municipality from communicating to the public during an emergency situation if an interpreter is unavailable. AS PASSED SENATE.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Bowie</p>		<p>5/3 from House rules okay. House COW approved. Passed House <u>58-2</u>; ready for governor.</p>
<p>S1334: AUTOMATIC VOTER REGISTRATION; DATABASE; PUBLIC AGENCIES</p>	<p>Beginning January 1, 2018, every person who is applying for a driver license or renewal and who is otherwise qualified to register to vote must be registered to vote automatically on completion of the license application unless the applicant clearly expresses a decision not to register. The Secretary of State is required to establish, publish and enforce a security, privacy and technology policy that establishes levels of authorized access to voter information with appropriate safeguards for each level and meets other specified requirements. By January 1, 2019, the Secretary of State is required to identify state agencies that may be collecting information relevant for voter registration purposes and that are not offering persons the opportunity to register to vote, and to establish procedures for those agencies to provide automatic voter registration.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Quezada</p>		<p>1/24 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>

<p>S1335: VOTER REGISTRATION; SAME DAY</p>	<p>A person who is otherwise qualified to register to vote may register during the 28 days immediately preceding an election and is eligible to vote in that election if the person has been a resident of the county and the precinct in which the person resides for at least 29 days immediately preceding the election. A person who is otherwise qualified to register to vote may register on Election Day at the polling place for the precinct in which that person maintains residence. A person who registers to vote under these provisions may vote only with a provisional ballot and does not qualify a person to vote in a partisan primary election.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Hobbs</p>		<p>1/24 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>
<p>S1336: ELECTIONS; POLLING PLACES; STANDARDS</p>	<p>The Secretary of State, county recorders and other officers in charge of elections are required to meet at least annually to consider and develop standards and procedures to ensure that voters do not wait more than one hour to vote at a polling place or voting center, determine the appropriate number of polling places for an election and jurisdiction, and other polling place-related issues.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Mendez</p>		<p>1/24 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>
<p>S1337: VOTER IDENTIFICATION; PROOF OF CITIZENSHIP</p>	<p>Deletes the requirement for applications for voter registration to be accompanied by satisfactory evidence of U.S. citizenship. Deletes the requirement for a voter to present specified identification at a polling place. Due to voter protection, this bill requires the affirmative vote of at least 3/4 of each house of the Legislature for passage.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Quezada</p>		<p>1/24 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>
<p>S1338: CAMPAIGN FINANCE; COVERED TRANSFERS; DISCLOSURE</p>	<p>Entities are required to register as a political action committee before making a campaign contribution or expenditure, instead of if the entity is organized for the primary purpose of influencing the result of an election and if the entity knowingly receives contributions or makes expenditures of at least \$1,000 in connection with any election during a calendar year. The information that must be included in a campaign finance report is expanded to include "covered transfers" (defined as a donation, transfer or payment of monies by a person to another person if the person receiving the monies makes an independent expenditure or transfers monies to another person who makes an independent expenditure, with some exceptions).</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Hobbs</p>		<p>1/24 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>
<p>S1343: VOTING RIGHTS; RESTORATION; FELONIES</p>	<p>For a person who has been convicted of two or more felonies, the person's right to vote is automatically restored on completion of probation or absolute discharge from imprisonment.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Quezada</p>		<p>1/24 referred to Senate jud.</p>
<p>S1367: VOTING; RANKING; BALLOT FORMAT</p>	<p>Establishes a system of ranked choice voting, including methods for tabulating ranked choice votes. The list of capabilities a voting machine or device must have is expanded to include implementing ranked choice voting when ranking for contests is possible.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Mendez</p>		<p>1/24 referred to Senate jud, gov.</p>

<p>S1374: STATE LAW; LOCAL GOVERNMENT VIOLATIONS</p>	<p>For a legislator to be eligible to request an investigation of a county or city action that allegedly violates state law or the state Constitution, all or part of the county or municipality must be located in the legislator's legislative district. Prior to investigating the alleged violation, the Attorney General is required to notify the county or municipality and allow at least 30 days for a response before making a determination. Counties and municipalities have 60 days, increased from 30 days, to resolve violations after notice from the Attorney General, or may appeal the determination by filing a special action in the Supreme Court to resolve the issue. If the Supreme Court determines that there is no violation, the State Treasurer is required to reimburse the county or municipality for reasonable fees and costs incurred to respond to the request. The reimbursement amount cannot exceed an unspecified amount (blank in original) for each determination.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Brophy McGee</p>		<p>2/14 FAILED Senate gov 3-4.</p>
<p>S1406: CAMPAIGN FINANCE; CITY THRESHOLD EXEMPTION</p>	<p>For municipal elections only, a person, candidate or entity that intends to accept contributions or make expenditures of less than \$1,000, increased from \$500, is required to file an exemption statement, which exempts the person, candidate or entity from requirements to register a committee and file various campaign finance reports.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Fann</p>		<p>1/29 referred to Senate jud.</p>
<p>S1426: ELECTION PRECINCTS; MAXIMUM REGISTERED VOTERS</p>	<p>An election precinct is prohibited from containing more than 1,250 registered voters of any one political party that is entitled to continued representation on the ballot and a total of 2,000 registered voters when the precinct boundaries are established.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Griffin</p>		<p>2/8 Senate jud held.</p>
<p>S1437 (Chapter 261): ELECTIONS; EQUIPMENT; AMENDMENTS</p>	<p>Statute governing voting machines that use a lever and tallying votes from those machines are repealed. Eliminates statutory references to ballot labels, ballot cards, punch card ballots, and tally boards. Establishes requirements for electronic voting system displays, including ballot layout. AS SIGNED BY GOVERNOR.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Burges</p>		<p>4/25 signed by governor. Chap. 261, Laws 2018</p>
<p>S1440: INITIATIVES; STRICT COMPLIANCE; REPEAL</p>	<p>Repeals statute requiring constitutional and statutory requirements for statewide initiative measures to be strictly construed, and requiring persons using the initiative process to strictly comply with those requirements. Repeals session law containing related legislative findings, which was enacted along with the repealed statute as part of Laws 2017, Chapter 151.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Hobbs</p>		<p>1/30 referred to Senate jud.</p>
<p>S1466: VOTING CENTERS; BOARD OF SUPERVISORS</p>	<p>Only on a specific resolution of the county board of supervisors, the board is permitted to authorize the use of additional types of voting locations by using voting centers and early voting drop-off centers. A voting center is deemed to be a polling place on election day, and may be used as an early voting location. When an election is ordered and voting centers are used, the county board of supervisors is required to appoint a voting center election board for each voting center consisting of at least one inspector, one marshal and as many</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Gray</p>		<p>4/19 House COW approved with floor amend #5130. Passed House 34-24; ready for Senate action on House amendments.</p>

	<p>judges or clerks as needed. Requires there to be an equal number of inspectors in the various voting centers in the county who are members of the two largest political parties. The board of supervisors is authorized to appoint a minor who is at least 16 years of age to serve as a clerk of elections if a list of specified circumstances apply. School districts and charter schools cannot be required to reduce average daily membership for any student who is absent as a result of service on a voting center election board, and cannot count the absence against any mandatory attendance requirements for the student. County recorders are authorized to make changes to the approved early voting locations and are required to notify the public as soon as practicable. Also repeals statutes governing voting equipment with a lever. AS PASSED HOUSE.</p>			
<p>SCR1034: INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSION; MEMBERSHIP</p>	<p>The 2018 general election ballot is to carry the question of whether to amend the state Constitution to make various changes relating to the Independent Redistricting Commission (IRC), including to change the name of the IRC to the Fair and Independent Redistricting Commission (FAIR Commission), and to increase the size of the FAIR Commission to nine members, from five members, with no more than three members from the same political party. Four of the commissioners are required to reside in the most populous county (Maricopa), two are required to reside in the second most populous county (Pima), and two are required to reside in any of the remaining counties, and the chair may reside in any county. The first six members are appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Minority Leader of the House, President of the Senate, and Minority Leader of the Senate, with each of those four officers making one appointment and each making an additional appointment jointly with the person from the opposite chamber who is a member of the same political party. The six appointed members are required to select two additional members and the ninth member, who cannot be registered with any political party already represented on the FAIR Commission, by majority vote from the nomination pool established by the Commission on Appellate Court Appointments. FAIR Commission meetings are required to comply with open meeting laws that are applicable to public bodies, except with 48 or more hours of public notice provided. The population of the largest legislative district by population cannot exceed the population of the smallest legislative district by population by more than two percent of the population of the smallest district. Contains legislative findings. AS PASSED HOUSE.</p>	<p>First sponsor: Sen. Yarbrough</p>		<p>5/3 Senate concurred in House amendments and FAILED to pass on final reading <u>13-15</u>. Senate voted to reconsider failure to pass bill. Date of second vote to be set by President.</p>